

## 100 个托福写作高分替换词

1. important =crucial (extremely important), significant(amount or effect large enough to be important)
2. common=universal, ubiquitous(if something is ubiquitous, it seems to be everywhere)
3. abundant=ample(enough and usually extra), plentiful(enough for people's needs and wants)
4. stick=adhere, cling(hold on something tightly)
5. neglect=ignore. (difference: neglect means someone has not paid enough attention to something; ignore means no attention.)
6. near=adjacent(twothings next to each other), adjoin(the same as adjacent)
7. pursue=woo(man woos woman, old-fashioned), seek(if you seek sth, you try to obtain it. FORMAL)
8. accurate=precise(precise is exact and accurate in all details), exact(correct in every detail)
9. vague=obscure(unknown or known by only a few people)
10. top=peak, summit
11. competitor=rival, opponent(especially in sports and politics)
12. blame=condemn(if you condemn something, you say it is very bad and unacceptable)
13. opinion=perspective, standpoint(means looking at an event or situation in a particular way)
14. fame=prestige(describe those who are admired), reputation
15. build=erect(you can erect something as buildings, FORMAL), establish
16. insult=humiliate(do something or say something which makes people feel ashamed or stupid)

17. complain=grumble (complain something in a bad-tempered way)
18. primary=radical (very important and great in degree), fundamental
19. relieve=alleviate (alleviate means you make pain or sufferings less intense or severe)
20. force=coerces into (coerce means you make someone do something s/he does not want to), compel
21. enlarge=magnify (magnify means make something larger than it really is)
22. complex=intricate (if something is intricate, it often has many small parts and details)
23. Lonely=solitary (if someone is solitary, there is no one near him/her)
24. small=minuscule (very small), minute,
25. praise=extol (stronger than praise), compliment (polite and political)
26. hard-working=assiduous (someone who is assiduous works hard or does things very thoroughly)
27. difficult=arduous (if something is arduous, it is difficult and tiring, and involves a lot of efforts)
28. poor (soil)=barren, infertile (used to describe the soil is so poor that plants cannot be planted on it)
29. fragile=brittle, vulnerable (someone who is vulnerable is easily hurt emotionally or physically)
30. show=demonstrate (to demonstrate a fact means to make it clear to people.)
31. big=massive (large in size, quantity, or extent), colossal (use this word, you emphasize something's large), tremendous (INFORMAL)
32. avoid=shun (if someone shuns something, s/he deliberately avoids that something or keeps away from it.)

33. fair=impartial(someone who is impartial is able to give a fair opinion or decision on something. )

34. attack=assault (physically attack someone), assail (attack violently)

35. dislike=abhor(abhor means you hate something to a extreme extent for moral reasons), loathe(dislike very much)!

36. ruin=devastate (it means damage something very badly, or utterly destroy it. )

39. always=invariably(the same as always, but better than always)

40. forever=perpetual(a perpetual state never changes), immutable(something immutable will never change or be changed)

41. surprise=startle(it means surprise you slightly), astound(surprise you to a large degree), astonish(the same as astound)

42. enthusiasm=zeal (a great enthusiasm), fervency (sincere and enthusiasm)

43. quiet=tranquil(calm and peaceful), serene(calm and quiet)

44. expensive=exorbitant(it means too expensive that it should be)

45. luxurious=lavish(impressive and very expensive), sumptuous(grand and very expensive)

46. boring=tedious(if you describe something tedious, you mean it is boring and frustrating)

47. respect=esteem(if you esteem someone, you respect and admire him/her. FORMAL)

48. worry=fret(if you fret about something, you worry about it)

49. cold=chilly(unpleasantly cold), icy(extremely cold)

50. hot=boiling(very hot)

51. dangerous=perilous(very dangerous, hazardous(dangerous, especially to people's safety and health)

52. nowadays=currently
53. only=unique(the only one of its kind), distinctive;
54. stop=cease(if something ceases, it stops happening or existing)
55. part=component(the components of something are the parts that it is made of)
56. result=consequence(the results or effects of something)
57. obvious=apparent, manifest
58. based on=derived from(can see or notice them very easily)
60. quite=fairly
61. pathetic=lamentable(very uncomfortable and disappointing)
62. field=domain(a particular field of thought, activities or interest)
63. appear=emerge(come into existence)
64. whole=entire(the whole of something)
65. wet=moist(slightly wet), damp(slightly wet), humid(very damp and hot)
66. wrong=erroneous(incorrect or partly correct)
67. difficult=formidable
68. change=convert(change into another form)
69. typical=quintessential(this word means represent a typical example of something)
70. careful=cautious(very careful in order to avoid danger), prudent(careful and sensible)
71. ability=capacity, capability(the same as ability)
72. strange=eccentric(if some one is eccentric, s/he behaves in a strange way, or his/her opinion is different from most people)

73. rich=affluent (if you are affluent, you have a lot of money)
74. use= utilize (the same as use)
75. dubious=skeptical (if you are skeptical about something, you have doubts on it. )
76. satisfy=gratify (if you are gratified by something, it gives you pleasure and satisfaction)
77. short=fleeting, ephemeral (if something is ephemeral, it lasts a short time)
78. scholarship=fellowship
79. angry=enraged (extremely angry)
80. smelly=malodorous (used to describe an unpleasant smell)
81. ugly=hideous (if something is hideous, it is very ugly or unattractive)
82. attractive=appealing (pleasing and attractive),  
absorbing (something absorbing can attract you a great deal)
83. diverse=miscellaneous (a miscellaneous groups consists of many different kinds of things)
84. disorder=disarray, chaos
85. crazily=frantically (used to describe someone who behaves in a wild and uncontrolled way)
86. rapid=meteoric (ATTENTION: meteoric is only used to describe someone achieves success quickly)
87. ordinary=mundane (very ordinary and not at interesting or unusual)
88. despite=notwithstanding (FORMAL)
89. best=optimal (used to describe the best level something can achieve)
90. sharp=acute (severe and intense)

91. unbelievable=inconceivable (if you deem something inconceivable, you think it very unlikely to happen)

92. puzzle=perplex (something perplex someone means it confuses and worries him/her because he/she does not understand it)

93. method=avenue (away of getting something done)

94. famous=distinguished (used to describe people who are successful in their career)

95. ancient=archaic (extremely old and extremely old-fashioned)

96. decorate=embellish (embellish means make something look more attractive via decorating it with something else)

97. possible=feasible (if something is feasible, it can be done, made or achieved)

98. so=consequently, accordingly

99. rare=infrequent (doesn't happen often)

100. greedy=rapacious (greedy and selfish)