

托福口语第一题的常见考题

托福口语第一题常见的考题之一:

Describe the famous person you admire most. Explain why you admire this

person. Include details and examples to support your response. (TOFEL ibt 08.06.22) 这是一个人物类的考题,我们拿到一个题目后,脑海中应该立刻浮现出最崇拜的那个人,不要告诉我你没有崇拜的人哦:

topic sentence + supporting ideas. Topic sentence 是比较容易想的,甚至是可以虚构的,所以问题就落在 supporting ideas 的思路上。描述一个人,最容易的

角度便是这个人内在的 qualities. 如: humorous, open-minded, easy-going,

warm-hearted, community-minded, high driven, visionary, knowledgeable… 有了这些点之后,我们要想办法把点变成线,也就是把一个观点扩充成一到两个句子。

我们可以用描述的方法去讲这个观点同意转换,如'he's a very open-minded person and he's always flexible to changes. 同时我们还可以用举例的方法来进行扩展,如'He's a high-driven guy and he worked so hard on his

Toefl test, study almost 24/7.

托福口语第一题常见的考题之二:

Choose an object you like and explain why it is of special value to you. Please

include specific examples and details in your explanation. (TOFEL ibt 08.02.24),这道题属于物品题,物品的题目也是一个常考点,但是准备的面比较广,可能会出成:

a type of pet (Longman p.52), a kind of game (Longman p.72), your important gift

(Longman p.64), 咱们可以从两个角度去答题:

对物品本身的简单描述 + 物品的来源或是重要意义,如描述宠物可以说:

'coz he keeps me company, when I was sad, he was always by my side.' 又如描述礼物可以说: 'The psp was a gift from my Grandpa, it was a credit to my hard work on the SAT test.'

托福口语第一题常见的考题之三:



If you could live abroad, where would you go? Explain why you would go there. (Longman p.42)。 地方题目也是常考题型,变换方式相对较少,比如有: the city

you live (Longman p.31),a city you have always wanted to go (TOFEL ibt 08.02.02), your favorite place when you were a child (TOFEL ibt 08.03.08)等等。

地点题的答题思路为:景色,饮食,高雅休闲场所,教育,就业机会。如果说美国,景色可以描述 national park, the beauty of nature well preserved, 饮食可

以说 dessert, I've got a sweet tooth,如说高雅休闲场所,可以说 Broadway, or NBA games,教育可以谈美国的大学,就业机会可以谈美国的 500 fortunes.再比如如果讲苏州,景色可以说 gardens,well preserved ancient building,就业机会可以讲讲苏州工业园,SIP,provides a lot of job and internship opportunities for graduates…

托福口语第一题常见的考题之四:

事件类,来看一个例题: What is the most memorable event you experienced in your life? Explain why it is memorable. (Longman p.50),类似的事件题的关键形容词可以换为: embarrassing (Longman p.70), challenging (TOFEL ibt 07.03.03), disappointing (TOFEL ibt 08.03.30),hard (TOFEL ibt 08.06.17)等等。

较难的题可以出成: Describe a time when you needed help from others, how

he or she helped you and what was the result? Please include details and examples

to support your answer. (TOFEL ibt 07.04.29),这类题目跟个人亲身经历有关,考场上容易一时没有思路,也很难去杜撰,所以应在考前多去回忆童年往事,同时尝试着用英文表达出来,假如实在无法勾起美好的回忆,那就去杜撰吧,注意是考前练习时杜撰,千万别到了考场上再去杜撰。